## **OBSTETRICAL EMERGENCIES**

- 1. Vaginal bleeding (1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> trimester):
  - a. History should include information on last menstrual period, quantity of blood loss, trauma. Assume ectopic pregnancy may exist.
  - b. If vital signs normal, obtain orthostatics.
  - c. Place patient supine.
  - d. Administer oxygen.
  - e. Establish large bore **IV** of **NS** or **LR**; infuse wide open if orthostatic or history of significant blood loss.
  - f. Contact Medical Control.
  - g. Transport, if needed.
- 2. Vaginal bleeding (3<sup>rd</sup> trimester): All 3<sup>rd</sup> trimester bleeding should be considered an abruption or previa, with treatment aimed at minimizing shock and transporting quickly.
  - a. Administer oxygen.
  - b. Establish large bore IV and infuse NS or LR.
  - c. Contact Medical Control
  - d. Transport on left side.
- 3. Preeclampsia: Characterized by hypertension (blood pressure greater than 130/80) and/or edema, in 3<sup>rd</sup> trimester or postpartum.
  - a. Position on left side and keep calm and quiet.
  - b. Administer oxygen.
  - c. Establish IV of NS or LR TKO.
  - d. Contact Medical Control.
  - e. Transport gently, without lights and siren.
- 4. Eclampsia: Seizures with hypertension (blood pressure greater than 130/80) and/or edema, in 3<sup>rd</sup> trimester or postpartum.
  - a. Position on left side.
  - b. Administer oxygen, assist ventilations as necessary.
  - c. Establish IV of NS or LR TKO.
  - d. <u>Midazolam intranasal</u> (if unable to start I.V) inspect nostrils for mucus, blood or other problems, which might inhibit absorption. Draw 0.2 mg/kg up to 10 mg of 5mg/ml solution for delivery by atomizer device. Give 1/2 volume in each nostril, or;
  - e. <u>Midazolam Intravenous</u>: 0.1 mg/kg up to 5mg of 5mg/ml solution, infused slowly until patient calm, speech slightly slurred. Be prepared to support ventilation if needed, or:
  - f. Midazolam Intramuscular: 0.2mg/kg up to 10 mg of 5mg/ml solution, or:
  - g. Contact Medical Control
  - h. Transport to closest appropriate hospital.
- 5. Trauma in pregnancy:
  - a. Treat mother as any other trauma patient with the following exceptions:
    - i. In 3<sup>rd</sup> trimester position on left side after spinal immobilization is in place.
    - ii. All pregnant trauma victims should be evaluated at a hospital, even if minor trauma.
    - iii. In 3<sup>rd</sup> trimester traumatic arrest, continue resuscitative measures until patient arrives at hospital.
    - iv. Contact Medical Control
    - v. Transport to closest appropriate hospital.

- 6. Delivery (normal cephalic presentation):
  - a. Obtain quick history.
  - b. Determine if adequate time is available to transport (consider number of previous births, contraction frequency, ruptured amniotic sac, and/or if crowning has occurred).
  - c. If not imminent:
    - i. Place patient on left side.
    - ii. Administer oxygen.
    - iii. Establish IV of NS or LR TKO.
    - iv. Contact Medical Control.
    - v. Transport.
  - d. If delivery is imminent, prepare to deliver on scene.
    - i. Deliver child in controlled manner, checking for umbilical cord around neck, suctioning immediately at perineum, and keep infant warm.
    - ii. Begin resuscitation of infant, if necessary (APGAR 7 at one minute).
    - iii. Contact Medical Control
    - iv. Transport and prepare for delivery of placenta enroute.

## 7. Delivery (abnormal presentation):

- a. Breech (buttocks first)
  - i. If imminent, allow buttocks and trunk to deliver, supporting baby with arm and palm, and then allow head to deliver.
  - ii. If head does not deliver, push vaginal wall away from baby's face.
  - iii. Contact Medical Control
  - iv. Transport to closest hospital.
- b. Limb presentation: DO NOT ATTEMPT DELIVERY.
  - i. Contract Medical Control
  - ii. Transport to closest hospital.

## 8. Prolapsed umbilical cord:

- a. Administer oxygen.
- b. Elevate mother's hips (knee-chest position or on pillows).
- c. Apply gentle pressure to baby's head without disturbing umbilical cord.
- d. Contact Medical Control
  - e. Transport to closest hospital